

Sample accessibility report

Prepared for	Sample report (TwoTen Studio's own sites)
Websites	myagentcalled.com twotenstudio.co.uk
Standard	WCAG 2.2 level AA, plus best practice
Date tested	30 October 2026
Pages tested	8

At a glance

We tested 8 pages across 2 sites against the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.2 at level AA, using automated checks. We found 4 distinct issues, of which 2 are critical or serious.

Website	Pages	Result	Critical	Serious	Moderate	Minor	Checks passed
myagentcalled.com	4	Significant barriers	0	1	0	0	97%
twotenstudio.co.uk	4	Significant barriers	0	1	2	0	98%

Figures are distinct issues per site. One issue can affect many elements across many pages.

Fix these first

- SERIOUS** Elements must have their visible text as part of their accessible name
myagentcalled.com · 4 pages, 8 elements · WCAG 2.5.3
- SERIOUS** Frames must have an accessible name
twotenstudio.co.uk · 1 page, 1 element · WCAG 4.1.2

How issues are rated

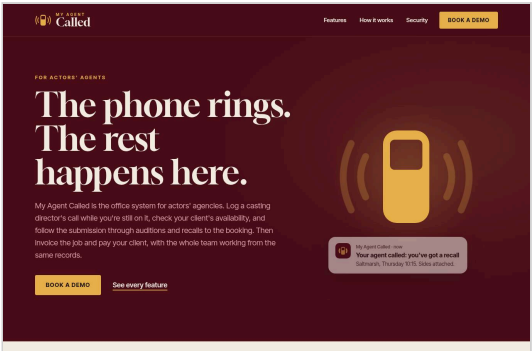
CRITICAL	Blocks some people from using the content or completing a task.
SERIOUS	Causes significant difficulty and should be fixed soon.
MODERATE	Makes the site harder to use, but people can usually work around it.
MINOR	A small annoyance or a deviation from best practice.

myagentcalled.com

Significant barriers

We tested 4 pages and found 1 issue affecting 8 elements.
One is critical or serious and should be fixed first.

97% of applicable automated checks passed.



Pages tested

Page	HTTP	Critical	Serious	Moderate	Minor
/ (home page)	200	0	1	0	0
/features/	200	0	1	0	0
/book-a-demo/	200	0	1	0	0
/privacy-policy/	200	0	1	0	0

Figures are the number of distinct issues found on each page.

Findings by WCAG success criterion

2.5.3 Label in Name Level A

SERIOUS Elements must have their visible text as part of their accessible name

What's wrong	The name announced to assistive technology does not include the words shown on screen. Voice control users who say what they see, for example "click Home", cannot activate it.
Who it affects	Voice control users, such as people using Voice Control on Mac and iPhone or Dragon on Windows, often because of motor impairments. It also confuses screen reader users who can partly see the screen.
How to fix	Make sure the aria-label starts with, or contains, the visible text. Or remove the aria-label so the visible text is used as the name.
Where	<p>Found on 4 pages of 4, 8 elements in total. It appears in the same place on every page, so it is probably in a shared template such as the header, footer or menu, and one fix should clear it everywhere.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• / (home page) 2 elements• /features/ 2 elements• /book-a-demo/ 2 elements• /privacy-policy/ 2 elements

Examples

```
.mac-header__home
```

```
<a class="mac-header__home" href="https://myagentcalled.com/" aria-label="My Agent Called, home">
```

```
.mac-footer__home
```

```
<a class="mac-footer__home" href="https://myagentcalled.com/" aria-label="My Agent Called, home">
```

Technical reference: [label-content-name-mismatch](#)

Needs a manual check

The automated checks could not reach a firm result for these items, for example text over a background image. Someone should review them by eye.

- Elements must meet minimum color contrast ratio thresholds (4 pages)

twotenstudio.co.uk

Significant barriers

We tested 4 pages and found 3 issues affecting 4 elements. One is critical or serious and should be fixed first.

98% of applicable automated checks passed.



Pages tested

Page	HTTP	Critical	Serious	Moderate	Minor
/hello-world/	200	0	0	0	0
/ (home page)	200	0	0	1	0
/81-2/	200	0	1	1	0
/category/uncategorized/	200	0	0	0	0

Figures are the number of distinct issues found on each page.

Findings by WCAG success criterion

4.1.2 Name, Role, Value Level A

SERIOUS Frames must have an accessible name

- What's wrong** An embedded frame, such as a map, video or booking widget, has no title, so screen reader users do not know what it contains.
- Who it affects** Blind and partially sighted people using screen readers, and anyone whose images fail to load.
- How to fix** Add a title attribute to the <iframe>, such as title="Map of our office".
- Where** Found on 1 page of 4, 1 element in total.
- /81-2/ 1 element

Examples

```
#a4bIframe
<iframe id="a4bIframe" src="https://mapsforbiosimilars.twotenstudio.co.uk/" style="border: none; width: 100%; height: 100vh"></iframe>
```

Technical reference: [frame-title](#)

MODERATE **Heading levels should only increase by one**

What's wrong	Heading levels skip, for example jumping from a level 2 to a level 4. Screen reader users use headings like a table of contents, and gaps make the structure confusing.
Who it affects	Screen reader users, who jump between headings, landmarks and links to find their way around.
How to fix	Use heading levels in order, choosing each one for its place in the outline, not its size. Change the look with CSS instead.
Where	Found on 1 page of 4, 2 elements in total. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• / (home page) 2 elements
Examples	<pre>.container:nth-child(2) > .project-grid > .project-card:nth-child(1) > .projectURL <h6 class="projectURL">https://ww w.go-ahead.com/</h6> .container:nth-child(4) > .project-grid > .project-card:nth-child(1) > .projectURL <h6 class="projectURL">https://3bl.com/</h6></pre>

Technical reference: [heading-order](#)

MODERATE **Page should contain a level-one heading**

What's wrong	The page has no main (level 1) heading, which screen reader users often jump to first.
Who it affects	Screen reader users, who jump between headings, landmarks and links to find their way around.
How to fix	Add one <h1> describing the page's main content.
Where	Found on 1 page of 4, 1 element in total. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• /81-2/ 1 element
Examples	<pre>html <html lang="en-US" prefix="og: https://ogp.me/ns#"></pre>

Technical reference: [page-has-heading-one](#)

Needs a manual check

The automated checks could not reach a firm result for these items, for example text over a background image. Someone should review them by eye.

- <video> elements must have captions (1 page)
- Frames should be tested with axe-core (1 page)

Method and limitations

How we tested

Each page was loaded in a headless Chromium browser at a 1366 × 900 desktop viewport and tested with axe-core 4.14.0, the open-source accessibility engine by Deque Systems. The rule set covered WCAG 2.0, 2.1 and 2.2 at levels A and AA, plus axe best-practice rules (tags: wcag2a,wcag2aa,wcag21a,wcag21aa,wcag22aa,best-practice).

What automated testing cannot tell you

Automated tools reliably detect roughly a third to a half of accessibility problems. A clean result does not mean a site is fully accessible. We recommend these manual checks alongside this report:

- Use every page and form with only a keyboard, and confirm the focus indicator is always visible.
- Test key journeys with a screen reader, such as NVDA on Windows or VoiceOver on Mac and iPhone.
- Zoom to 200% and 400% and check that nothing is cut off or overlaps.
- Check that alt text and link text are meaningful, not just present.
- Check that form errors are clearly explained, and that videos have accurate captions.

Scope

Only the pages listed in this report were tested, as they appeared on 30 October 2026. Content behind logins, pop-ups that need interaction, and third-party widgets may not have been fully assessed.

This report is a technical assessment, not a legal certificate of compliance. WCAG 2.2 AA is the benchmark referenced by the UK Public Sector Bodies Accessibility Regulations and widely used to show reasonable adjustments under the Equality Act 2010.